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APPLICATION NO. FILING DAT		ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/706,756 11/12/2003		11/12/2003	Marc Nicolaas De Mul	J6864(C)	7538
201	7590	05/23/2006	EXAMINER		
UNILEVE	R INTEL	LECTUAL PROP	MERCIER, MELISSA S		
700 SYLVA	N AVEN	UE,			D. D.C
BLDG C2 S	OUTH		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ENGLEWO	OD CLIF	FS, NJ 07632-3100	1615		
				DATE MAIL ED. 05/22/200	<i>t</i>

DATE MAILED: 05/23/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Application No.		Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary			10/706,756	3	DE MUL ET AL.					
			Examiner		Art Unit					
			Melissa S.	Mercier	1615					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi or Reply	ication app	ears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MINISTRANCE IN	AILING DA of 37 CFR 1.13 nunication. atutory period wi will, by statute,	ATE OF THI 36(a). In no ever rill apply and will cause the applic	S COMMUNICATION at, however, may a reply be time expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cation to become ABANDONED). ely filed the mailing date of this co O (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status										
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on								
-										
3)	Since this application is in condition	for allowan	ice except f	or formal matters, pro	secution as to the	e merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Dispositi	on of Claims									
4)🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the application.									
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6) 🗌	Claim(s) is/are rejected.									
7)	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.									
8)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> are subject to restriction	on and/or e	election requ	iirement.						
Applicati	on Papers									
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner	r.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) acce	epted or b)	objected to by the E	Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any object	ction to the d	drawing(s) be	held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including		•			• •				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Exa	aminer. Not	e the attached Office	Action or form PT	O-152.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119									
	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:									
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No									
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage									
* 0	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
	see the attached detailed Office action	ii ioi a iisi c	or the certifi	ed copies not receive	u.					
Attachment	t(s)									
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)			4) Interview Summary ((PTO-413)					
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P			Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa) ₋ 152)				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or r r No(s)/Mail Date	P10/SB/08)		6) Other:	atent Application (PTC	<i>7</i> -132 <i>j</i>				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-8, drawn to a cosmetic composition comprising: about 0.01 to about 30% by weight of the composition of a cross linked polysiloxane elastomer, about 0.1% to about 25% of light scattering particles, and a cosmetically acceptable vehicle, classified in class 424, subclass 401.
- II. Claims 9-10, drawn to a method for reducing the appearance of skin pores using the composition of Invention I, classified in class 424, subclass 401.
- III. Claims 11-17, drawn to a cosmetic composition comprising: about 0.01 to about 10% by weight of the composition of a water based polymer, about 0.1 to about 25% of light scattering particles, and a cosmetically acceptable vehicle, classified in class 424, subclass 401.
- IV. Claim 18-19, drawn to a method for reducing the appearance of skin pores using the composition of Invention III, classified in class 424, subclass 401.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different

product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the method of reducing the appearance of skin pores can be accomplished with the use of the composition described in Invention III.

Inventions I and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions the both compositions, however, they have materially different designs. Invention I comprises: about 0.01 to about 30% by weight of the composition of a cross linked polysiloxane elastomer, about 0.1% to about 25% of light scattering particles, and a cosmetically acceptable vehicle, whereas, Invention III comprises: about 0.01 to about 10% by weight of the composition of a water based polymer, about 0.1 to about 25% of light scattering particles, and a cosmetically acceptable vehicle.

Inventions I and IV are related as product and process of use. In the instant case the method of reducing the appearance of skin pores can be accomplished with the use of the composition described in Invention III.

Inventions II and III are related as product and process of use. In the instant case the method of reducing the appearance of skin pores can be accomplished with the use of the composition described in Invention I.

Inventions II and IV are unrelated. In the instant case, the different inventions have materially different modes of operation. Invention II utilizes the composition of Invention I, whereas, Invention IV utilizes the composition of Invention III.

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Inventions III and IV are related as product and process of use. In the instant case the method of reducing the appearance of skin pores can be accomplished by using the method of Invention II.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and the inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP § 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Searching the different inventions together would create a search burden on the examiner.

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species:

If applicant elects Invention I, the following election of species is required:

Election of light scattering particles:

- a. titanium dioxide
- b. titanium coated mica
- c. silica
- d. talc
- e. PMMA
- f. nylon
- g. microcrystalline cellulose

If applicant elects Invention III, the following election of species is required:

Election of light scattering particles:

- a. titanium dioxide
- b. titanium coated mica

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c. silica

d. talc -

e. PMMA cross-polymer

f. nylon

g. microcrystalline cellulose

The species are independent or distinct because the belong to different classes of light scattering particles, for example pigments, mattifiers, or fillers, as described in the applicants specification (page 8, lines 4-11).

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 1 and 11 are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species.

MPEP § 809.02(a).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are

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subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder. All claims directed a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melissa S. Mercier whose telephone number is (571) 272-9039. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30am-4pm Mon through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Woodward can be reached on (571) 272-8373. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MSMercier

MICHAEL P. WOODWARD SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600